

The Bulletin's Circulation in Norwich Double That of Any Other Paper, and Its Total Circulation is the Largest in Connecticut in Proportion to the City's Population

## BLIZZARD BEATING ATTACK ON MONASTIR

Serbian Army Determined to Defend the City to the Last, to Permit Civilians to Escape

IT IS ADMITTED MONASTIR CANNOT BE SAVED

Snow Has Completely Stopped Operations on the Anglo-French Front in Serbia—Future Operations in the Near East Are Believed to be Objects of Visits of Lord Kitchener to Paris and Emperor William to Vienna—Desperate Fighting Continues on the Summits Around Gorizia, Both Contestants Claiming Advantage—Greek Reply to Collective Note of Entente Allies is Believed to be Friendly, But Details Are Lacking—Rumor That Austria is Seeking a Separate Peace.

London, Nov. 29, 10.30 p. m.—The campaign in the Near East is about to enter a new phase, upon which the visits of Lord Kitchener to Paris and Emperor William to Vienna, it is believed, will have an important effect. Kitchener in Paris—Kaiser in Vienna. Lord Kitchener, after visiting the Balkans and Italy, has arrived at Paris for an important series of conferences with the French staff, while the German emperor has gone to Vienna to see Emperor Francis Joseph and discuss with the Austrian generals what the next move will be. Presumably it is a question whether the central powers will attack the Anglo-French forces in southern Serbia or concentrate in western Bulgaria to meet the threat of a Russian invasion from the east and the possibility of Rumania taking sides against her old enemies, Bulgaria and Turkey.

Winter Stops War in Serbia. So far as Serbia is concerned, winter appears virtually to have put an end to any important move, although the Austrians are proceeding to deal with the Montenegrins, whom they have crossed while the Bulgarians are attempting to advance to Prizen and Monastir.

With heavy and continuous snow storms reaching the proportions of a blizzard, these operations must be postponed. The Austrians are determined to resist to the last and give the civilians a chance to escape. They hold a front some five miles from the town in the direction of the Carassou river, from which point the Bulgarians, who have crossed the Carassou river, are advancing.

Snow has completely stopped operations on the Anglo-French front in Serbia, the opposing forces, who are separated by a valley a mile across, having lost sight of each other.

No Details of Greek Note. There are no details of the Greek reply to the collective note from the entente powers demanding facilities for the Anglo-French forces but a dispatch from Athens says it is couched in friendly terms and is regarded as paving the way for the desired settlement which would enable Greece to maintain her neutrality and not interfere with the intentions of the allies.

Desperate Fighting Around Gorizia. Desperate fighting continues on the summits around Gorizia; the Italians claim to have captured more Austrian trenches, but the Austrians declare that the attacks all along the Isonzo have been repulsed.

Artillery and aerial fighting has marked the progress of events in France, while in Russia an almost complete lull prevails. In the Caucasus a recrudescence of activity, however, is reported. Petrograd is recording several scouting expeditions.

After clearing the battlefield at Ctesiphon near Bagdad, in Mesopotamia, the British have again withdrawn to the river. The Turks report that the British were forced to retire by reason of counter-attacks after suffering very heavy losses.

Artillery engagements in which the British monitors take a hand, continue on the Gallipoli peninsula.

Austria Seeking a Separate Peace? It is reported from Rome that Austria is seeking a separate peace, apparently with Italy. This is not generally credited here, though in some quarters the German emperor's visit to Vienna is believed to lend some color to the rumor.

Forerunner of German Defeat. The recent successes of the allies in Karsum are considered likely forerunners of the complete defeat of the Germans there. They are now concentrated at Jaunde and, although well supplied with guns, find it difficult, owing to the British blockade of the coast, to get munitions. The allied forces are now converging on Jaunde, while other columns are being sent out to cut off any attempt at retreat from that town.

FATE OF BAGDAD HAS NOT BEEN SEALED. By British Victory Over Turks at Ctesiphon.

London, Nov. 29, 8.50 p. m.—The British victory over the Turks at Ctesiphon, near Bagdad, as reported last week, has not, as many persons believe, sealed the fate of Bagdad. An official report issued tonight says that having successfully completed the removal of his wounded and prisoners, General Townshend, the British commander, in the face of the arrival of Turkish reinforcements again has withdrawn his force to a position lower down the Tigris river.

The enemy's strength at the battle of Ctesiphon is estimated at four divisions. One of these is stated by prisoners to have been practically wiped out. This is confirmed by our own observations, but the approach of

### Cabled Paragraphs

Serbia Evacuates Monastir. London, Nov. 30, 3.31 p. m.—A despatch from Belgrade, dated Sunday, says: "The Bulgarians yesterday crossed the River Cerna. Monastir has been evacuated. The Serbian army is retiring in good order."

No Alliance With China. Tokyo, Nov. 29.—Great Britain has informed Japan that the British government has not contemplated an alliance with China, as had been reported, the Japanese foreign office formally announced today, but for official statement today, emphasizing previous declarations to this effect.

NEW HAVEN ROAD NEVER OWNED BY BILLARD CO. Mellen's Testimony Defeats Efforts of Government to Prove to the Contrary.

New York, Nov. 29.—The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad company, Charles S. Mellen testified today at the trial of the eleven former directors of the New Haven road, that the company never owned the New Haven road, but that it was a creature of the New Haven, organized for the purpose of evading the law and for other illegitimate purposes. The federal attorneys professed to be satisfied, however, with the witness' testimony. He said, that contrary to minutes of the board of directors which purported to show that the Billard company's \$2,000,000 stock was assigned to the New England Navigation company, a New Haven subsidiary, it was in fact, endorsed by Billard in 1908 and turned over to the New Haven company, which he kept the stock, together with notes of Billard and several millions of securities in a sealed envelope from 1908 to 1911 and then turned them back to Billard.

REICHSTAG TO ASSEMBLE FOR SIXTH WAR SESSION. For Regulation of Food Supply and Conduct of War. Berlin, Nov. 29, via London, Nov. 30, 2.37 p. m.—The reichstag will assemble tomorrow for its sixth war session—a session which will take place under the influence of the two absorbing topics of the day, namely, the food supply and the alms and conduct of the war. It will also, it is understood, be marked by the introduction of a new vote of credit for the war, presumably for the accustomed amount of \$2,500,000,000, although no definite announcement in this respect has been made.

ROBBERS SHOOT LABORER IN A BRIDGEPORT SALOON. Because He Did Not Throw Up His Hands When Ordered To.

Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 29.—John Petro, a young laborer, is in the hospital with four bullet wounds in the body as the result of a robbery in the saloon of Thomas Rehak here early today.

When the robber appeared Petro and the proprietor were alone in the saloon. The intruder ordered them to throw up their hands. Rehak did so, but Petro, not understanding the command, did not, and the robber opened fire, hitting him twice. He then disappeared.

William Rehak, a brother of the proprietor, who was applied to for money to escape the heavy burden of the present twenty-five per cent. rate of exchange, against it is New York. J. Ward Warden, president of the Produce Exchange, discounted this report as he said he understood that Italy was not making individual purchases but that grain was being bought in common for England, France and Italy.

Speculators Have Been Holding Wheat. "The only explanation I can offer of this move," said Mr. Warner, "is that certain speculators have been holding wheat, and they are now trying to get out of it."

PEACE MEETING IN LONDON. Threw Speakers from Platform and Started a Recruiting Meeting.

London, Nov. 29.—Canadian and Australian soldiers, with a sprinkling of territorial troops, tonight took charge of Memorial hall, where the Union of Democratic Control, an organization which is opposed to conscription and favors peace, was advertised to hold a meeting, and unceremoniously threw the speakers from the platform and turned the gathering into a recruiting meeting.

The soldiers succeeded in gaining admission with tickets other than those of the Union of Democratic Control, and, forming themselves at the top of the staircase leading to the great hall and galleries, forcibly took possession of the building. Bombs containing gas and phylaxing gases were launched and then the soldiers took the platform by storm.

LONDON'S FIRST DAY UNDER NEW DRINKING LAWS. No Organized Resistance of the New Code Was Manifested.

London, Nov. 30, 2.49 a. m.—The first day under the new drinking laws, which number five and a half, as compared with nine and a half in the days before the war, passed without untoward incident. No organized resistance to the new order was manifested anywhere in the metropolitan district and the new law was being worked smoothly and without friction.

Although the saloons remained open as usual, the sale of coffee, tea and other non-intoxicants during the prohibited hours, there were few customers for the latter class of trade. One of the largest downtown cafes reported that only a few cents had been taken across the bar before noon while in another place the morning trade consisted of three cigars and two glasses of mineral water.

VOLUNTARY MILITARY TRAINING AT HARVARD. Decided On by a Student Council—Committee to Formulate Plan.

Cambridge, Mass., Nov. 29.—The student council of Harvard university today decided on a system of voluntary military training for students. A committee of undergraduates and graduates was appointed to set in motion, after consultation with the university officials and the war department, a plan to this effect.

Movements of Steamships. Gibraltar, Nov. 27.—Arrived: Steamers Patria, New York for Naples. Barcelona, Nov. 22.—Arrived: Steamers Montevideo, New York.

London, Nov. 29.—Arrived: Steamers Sicilian, Montreal. Christiania, Nov. 28.—Arrived: Steamer United States, New York for Copenhagen.

Rotterdam, Nov. 27.—Sailed: Steamer Nieuw Amsterdam, New York. New York, Nov. 29.—Sailed, steamer Giuseppe Verdi, Naples.

Paul Fuller Dies Suddenly. New York, Nov. 29.—Paul Fuller, New York attorney who visited Mexico in September of last year as President Wilson's agent and conferred with General Carranza on the Mexican situation, died suddenly at his home late tonight. He was 67 years old.

## England May Break Ocean Rates

BY REQUISITIONING STEAMERS TO MOVE CANADIAN GRAIN DEALERS ARE ALL AT SEA

Rumor Has Been Current in New York Shipping Circles That Great Britain Intended to Take Over All Her Atlantic Merchant Marine to Break Rates.

New York, Nov. 29.—The commandeering of wheat by the Canadian government was interpreted here by grain exporters as probably the first step by England, not merely to take over all Canadian grain, but to smash ocean freight rates by requisitioning the Atlantic freighters. Exporters regarded the situation as undoubtedly serious from their point of view.

An Exporter's View. Julius Barnes, one of the leading exporters on the New York produce exchange, asserted that the British government was practically putting the American grain exporter out of business if it chose.

"The seizure of Canadian grain," he said, "has left us all at sea. None of us knows yet what it means, but if the British government intends, as is possible, to take over all the Canadian grain crop, it is going to put us in a serious position."

To Break High Freight. For some time there had been a rumor current in New York exporting circles that Great Britain intended to take over all the Canadian grain crop, as a drastic step toward breaking the high freight. Mr. Barnes declared that the Canadian grain seizure looked very much the first step in this direction.

Italy Uged Step. It was also reported that the grain had been commandeered on behalf of Italy, the Italian government having undertaken to supply the army in order to escape the heavy burden of the present twenty-five per cent. rate of exchange, against it is New York.

Ward Warden, president of the Produce Exchange, discounted this report as he said he understood that Italy was not making individual purchases but that grain was being bought in common for England, France and Italy.

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## Kern Democratic Leader in Senate

UNANIMOUSLY CHOSEN AT CONFERENCE YESTERDAY

Reelection of Arkansas Senators as President Pro-Tempore Doubtful Because of His Fight Against Ship Purchase Bill at the Last Session of Congress.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Democrats of both houses of congress today got their work of organization for the coming session well under way. The senate conference unanimously selected John W. Kern of Indiana as chairman and floor leader and the house ways and means committee began assigning members to committees.

Opposition to Senator Clarke. After choosing their party leader, the senators adjourned until Wednesday, when they will hear the report of the special committee on revision of the rules and selected the vice chairman of the conference and the nominees for president pro tempore of the senate. Opposition has developed to the re-election of Senator Clarke, of Arkansas, as president pro tempore, because of his fight against the ship purchase bill at the last session. Thus far no other complaint has appeared but consideration of the matter was delayed at today's session upon request of several senators.

Closure Rule to be Submitted. Senator Owen, chairman of the special committee to agree upon the form of closure rules to be submitted to the caucus. The rule is expected to meet unanimous favor as some of the democrats while opposed to filibustering do not believe limitation of debate can be accomplished.

Kitchin in Chair. The house ways and means committee with Representative Kitchin in the chair, received a petition from minority members for larger republican representation on all committees in view of the increased minority membership.

Additional Republican Representation. A tentative plan was agreed upon by which one additional republican would be added to the ways and means, appropriations, military and judicial committees. No final decision was reached, however, and it probably will be several days before the assignments can be worked out. The committee will meet again tomorrow.

Reorganization of Senate Committees. When re-organization of senate committees begins, new democratic senators and three new republicans must be taken care of. Democratic leaders are seeking to make room on the finance committee for Francis Underwood of Alabama, former chairman of the house ways and means committee and it is probable Senator Owen of California will be assigned to the committee on naval affairs which is to be increased by one member.

FEMALE LABOR LEADER TO FACE SECOND TRIAL. On Charge of 'Inciting to Personal Violence' at Paterson, N. J.

Paterson, N. J., Nov. 29.—The selection of the jury before which Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, a labor leader, will be tried for the second time on charges of "inciting to personal violence" in speeches she made during the strike of Paterson silk mill workers in 1913, began today before Judge Kings.

Miss Flynn was tried here for the first time in 1913, when the jury disagreed. No effort was made to bring her to trial again until she reappeared in Paterson last summer and attempted to address a meeting. Paterson police then told Miss Flynn she would not be allowed to speak. This was followed by a protest meeting in New York at which Miss Flynn and her aides declared the right of "free speech" had been violated.

A defense committee of eight-one, including Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. J. Borden Hartman and numerous other women prominent socially or in suffrage work, was formed to secure counsel for Miss Flynn.

LETTERS IN LOS ANGELES. DYNAMITE CASE. Identified by Edwin Clark, Formerly an Officer of the Iron Workers.

Los Angeles, Nov. 29.—Letters concerning the McNamara dynamite conspiracy were identified today by Edwin Clark, in the trial of Matthew Schmidt, charged with the murder of one of the twenty victims of the Times explosion here five years ago. Clark was formerly an officer of the Cincinnati Iron Workers.

"They were stolen," replied the district attorney. The letters were merely identified and no effort was made to force their introduction in evidence.

William J. Deevy, captain of police detectives in New York, arrived today. Deevy arrested Schmidt last February.

ALLEGED BURGLAR FOUND IN DRUG STORE CELLAR. Covered With a Burlap Bag in Show Case at Bridgeport.

Bridgeport, Conn., Nov. 30.—Covered with a burlap bag and hiding in the cellar of the drug store of William Hamilton's drug store at 233 Noddle avenue, East Side, at 1.15 o'clock this morning, an alleged burglar was arrested. He described himself as Joseph Emanuel, aged 29, of New Haven, but employed in this city by the Bridgeport Brass company. He denied entering the store to burglarize it, saying he went there to sleep. Entrance was gained by breaking four windows in the rear. This is the first arrest to be made since the city has been visited by scores of burglaries within the past two weeks.

### Condensed Telegrams

For the first time in 15 years schools of sturgeon have appeared in the Hudson river.

Harvard men observed the 38th anniversary of the birth of John Harvard at Cambridge, Mass.

Daniel H. B. Davis, 17 of Port Chester, died from injuries received when hit by an automobile.

Pope Benedict received Cardinal Follis Von Hartmann, Archbishop of Cologne, in Cambridge, Mass.

The British steamer Bankdale, from New York, on which fire was discovered at sea, arrived at Bordeaux.

Notice of suspension was served on J. Edgar Borden, city engineer, by Mayor James H. Kay of Fall River.

Paul Harney, well known as an artist, died at Mount St. Joseph hospital in St. Louis, Mo., aged 60 years.

James L. Curtis, the new American Minister to Liberia, sailed on the American liner St. Paul for Liverpool.

Five men were arrested in New York after detectives had charged them with selling girls for immoral purposes.

Ambassador Page at Rome forwarded to the State Department further reports on the torpedoing of the Italian liner Ancona.

The medals in silver and bronze struck by the United States mint for the American Centenary are ready for distribution.

Three men were scalded, one probably mortally, by the blowing out of a boiler tube at the American Sugar Refining plant at Jersey City.

The high wind which prevailed along the Delaware Bay was the cause of the death of 4 sailors, who drowned when their boat sunk.

Major-General Frederick Funston arrived at Nogales, Ariz., and assumed command of the 2,500 United States soldiers on duty at this point.

Peter Flammetti of Oswego-on-the-Hudson was arrested at Stamford, Conn., charged with murdering his son-in-law, Perimo Gossoneri.

Edward W. Hazewell, for thirty-five years a member of the editorial staff of the Boston Evening Transcript died after an illness of eight weeks.

Two men are dead and three are missing in a mine explosion that choked the entrances to Packer, No. 5, of L. V. R. R., at Lost Creek, Pa.

Colonel Maitland of the Royal Naval Air Service of London jumped with a parachute from an airplane at a height of 10,000 feet. He landed safely.

Patrick MacGill known as "The Navy Post" was married in London to Miss Margaret Gibbons, a grandniece of Cardinal Gibbons of Baltimore.

The French government has recognized the Italian government of President Dardagny, having received a satisfactory response to its protest.

Lieutenant Governor Bethes, of South Carolina, announced his acceptance of the invitation of Henry Ford to join the European peace commission.

It is reported at Rome that Pope Benedict will repeat the efforts he made last year to get the warring nations to consent to a truce for Christmas Day.

One person is dead and four are missing of the 88 known to have been on board the steamer Tivoli, which was destroyed by fire on Chesapeake Bay near Annapolis.

Mrs. Jean Edgerton Hovey, authoress, was found dead in her room in New York, a blanket over her head, her door locked and gas pouring from a tube attached to a jet.

Thomas A. Edison has consented to head a committee of prominent motion picture men in the campaign to be started by the Actors' Fund of America to raise \$1,000,000.

George Whalen, New York's most expensive prisoner, who has spent 22 years in institutions in the State, was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary on a charge of burglary.

Malvin Braden of Blanchard, Me., was bound over to the grand jury on the charge of negligently shooting Mrs. Reuben Bartlett, who was mistaken for a deer and killed on Thanksgiving Day.

Wm. F. Clark editor of the Patriot Phalanx, one of the oldest prohibition papers in the country, died suddenly at his home at Indianapolis, Ind., of heart disease, resulting from an attack of pneumonia.

Arthur Jones, aged 25, committed suicide at his home in Terryville last night by drinking poison. No reason is known for the act. He was employed in Bridgeport by the Remington Arms company.

Joan of Arc, martyr of France, is to receive a tribute from New Yorkers on Monday, December 5, when a statue dedicated to her memory will be unveiled at Riverside Drive and 93rd Street, New York.

Peter McNeill, of New York, made his 25th return when he saved Pietro Alessandro, pursuer of the Italian steamship General Salsa. Alessandro fell overboard while leaving a tug for the landing at the Battery.

The locomotive of a Chicago, Burlington & Quincy passenger train plunged through an open draw in the Quincy section of the Mississippi River bridge. C. S. Concanon, engineer, and Herman Aikman, fireman, were killed.

Mayor Martin Behrman of New Orleans announced that he had declined Henry Ford's invitation to accompany the peace commission to Europe. The mayor said official duties prevented his acceptance.

Cramps Case Stands Dismissed. Washington, Nov. 29.—The supreme court today affirmed the action of the court of claims which dismissed the suit of the Cramps shipbuilders for damages from the government for delay in furnishing armor for the old battleship Massachusetts, nearly 35 years ago.

## Sec'y Garrison Arraigns Taft

FOR COMMENT ON ADMINISTRATION'S PHILIPPINE POLICY

BRANDS IT AS POLITICS

Controversy Started Over Articles Offered to Sell Articles on Either Side—Taft's Reply Sustains His Commentation.

Washington, Nov. 29.—Secretary Garrison of the war department issued a formal statement today sharply arraigning former President William H. Taft for having lent his name to what are termed "statements mendacious in character and mischievous in intent" with relation to conditions in the Philippine Islands under present administration. Circulation of these statements, Mr. Garrison charges, show plainly that the republican politicians are attempting to lay the foundation for campaign material with respect to the Philippine Islands.

Articles by O. Garfield Jones. Particular attention is given by the secretary to articles written by O. Garfield Jones and published in a Call.

(Continued on Page Six)

WANTS GOVERNMENT TO ASSERT ITSELF ABOUT BOY-ED

Hamburg-American Conspiracy Case May Go to Jury Wednesday.

New York, Nov. 29.—The government's case against officials of the Hamburg-American line on trial to conspiracy to receive and defraud the United States by despatching relief steams with supplies from American ports to German cruisers at sea in 1914, was closed today. The defense may present all its evidence tomorrow and the case given to the jury Wednesday.

A dramatic touch was given today's proceedings by the insistent demand of the defense that the government assert whether it considered Captain Karl Boy-Ed, German naval attaché, a conspirator in the case, with the defendants. Captain Boy-Ed, one witness testified earlier in the trial, directed the expenditure of \$750,000 in the nucleus of the case, with the relief ships for German cruisers the Pacific as well as the Atlantic. The government did not reply directly to the question of whether it considered him a conspirator, but it did not whom it was reiterated, press for an answer.

The government has taken no position today on whether it considered Captain Karl Boy-Ed, German naval attaché, a conspirator in the case, with the defendants. Captain Boy-Ed, one witness testified earlier in the trial, directed the expenditure of \$750,000 in the nucleus of the case, with the relief ships for German cruisers the Pacific as well as the Atlantic. The government did not reply directly to the question of whether it considered him a conspirator, but it did not whom it was reiterated, press for an answer.

LONDON TO HOLD OUTGOING MAIL FOR TWO DAYS

To Meet the Requirements of the Military Authorities.

London, Nov. 30, 2.04 a. m.—The postmaster general has issued a notice saying that "in order to meet the requirements of the military authorities correspondence for the United States must hereafter be posted in London by 8 o'clock in the evening two days previous to the sailing of steamers on which it is to be forwarded."

"Mail for Western Hemisphere must be posted by 8 p. m. Monday, and mail for Saturday's boats at the same hour Thursday. The order is effective Dec. 1st. To meet the needs of persons having especially urgent correspondence, rules are announced under which correspondence may be posted up to about 24 hours later than the above limit on payment of an extra fee of 65 cents per letter."

HELD PENDING INVESTIGATION OF DEATH OF HIS SISTER

Michael O'Brien, a Mill Operative of North Smithfield, R. I.

North Smithfield, R. I., Nov. 29.—Michael O'Brien, 52 years old, a mill operative was arrested today pending an investigation of the death of his sister, Bridget O'Brien, also a mill operative, whose body with her neck crushed in, was found in the kitchen of the O'Brien house. O'Brien notified a neighbor this morning that his sister was dead. When the town sergeant arrived at the house O'Brien denied all knowledge of the crime. He said the first he knew of the woman's death was when he found the body.

FORMER CLERKS OF BUREAU OF NATURALIZATION INDICTED

Charged With Having Collected Illegal Fees from Applicants.

New York, Nov. 29.—The federal grand jury today returned a blanket indictment charging 14 former clerks in the bureau of naturalization of the state supreme court with having collected illegal fees from applicants for citizenship. The indictment was based on evidence gathered and presented by Assistant United States District Attorney Edwin J. Stanton. The investigation of the alleged naturalization frauds is not complete.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Eliza Anna Thayer Smith. Hartford, Conn., Nov. 29.—Mrs. Eliza Anna Thayer Smith, the founder of the Woman's Christian Association in this city, died here tonight, aged 85. In 1860 she organized a Sunday school here, which eventually became the nucleus of the association's aid society, organized seven years later. She was the first president, holding the position for three years. Mrs. Smith was also active in the woman's aid society and the Woman's Christian Temperance union in the state.

Call For National Progressive Committee.

New York, Nov. 29.—A call for the national committee of the progressive party to meet in Chicago on January 11 to fix the time and place of the convention was issued by the executive committee of the national progressive committee here today.